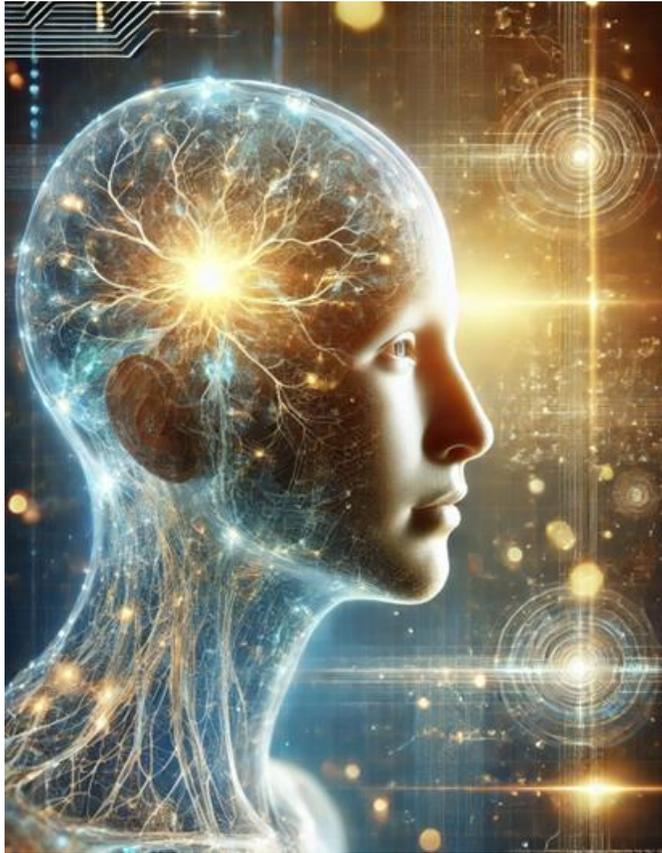


LLMs und Digitale Bibliotheken Ein perfekter Match?

Anzhelika Chernykh, M.Sc

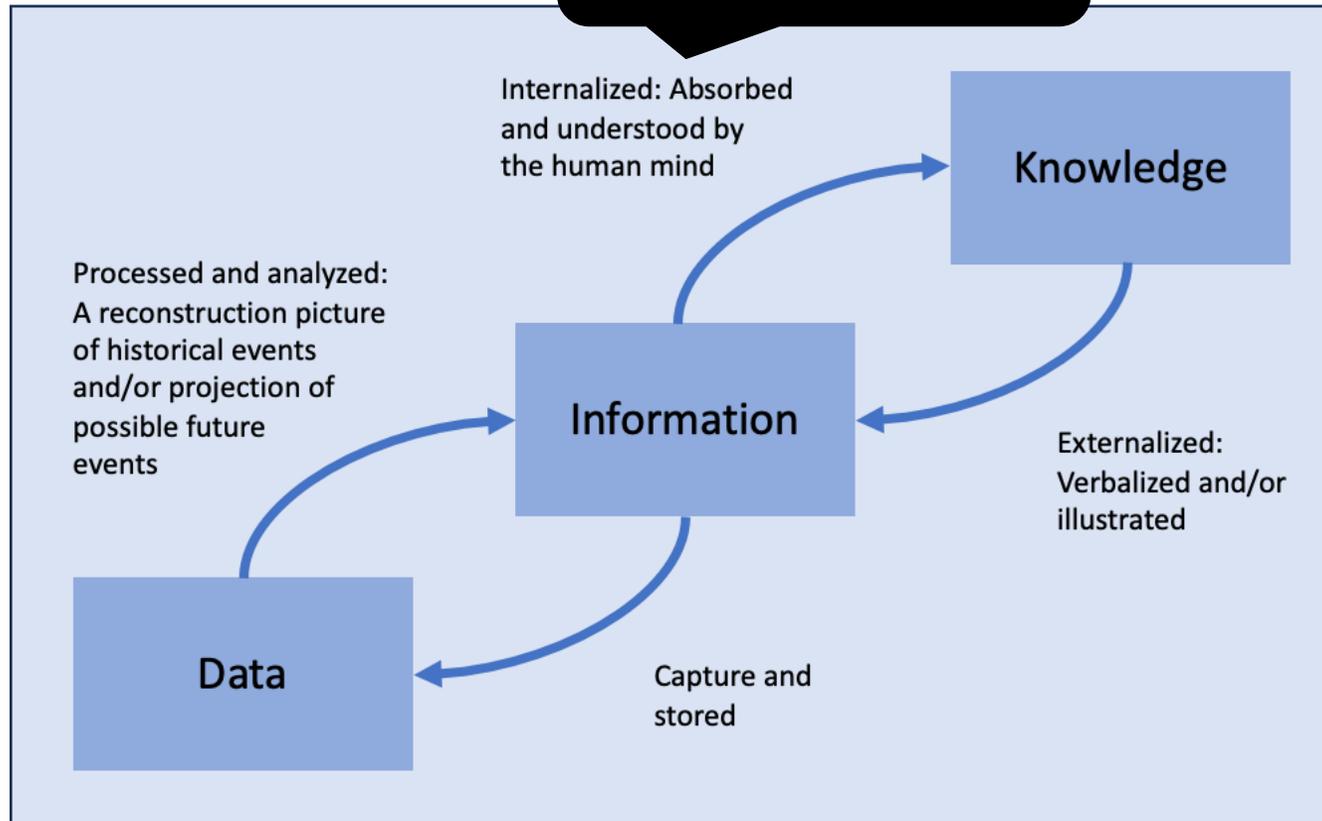
René Berndt, Dipl.-Inform.





„Der Student muss es wissen,
der Assistent muss wissen, wo es steht,
der Prof muss wissen, wo der Assistent ist.“

Wissen im Schrank
Ist noch kein Wissen im Kopf



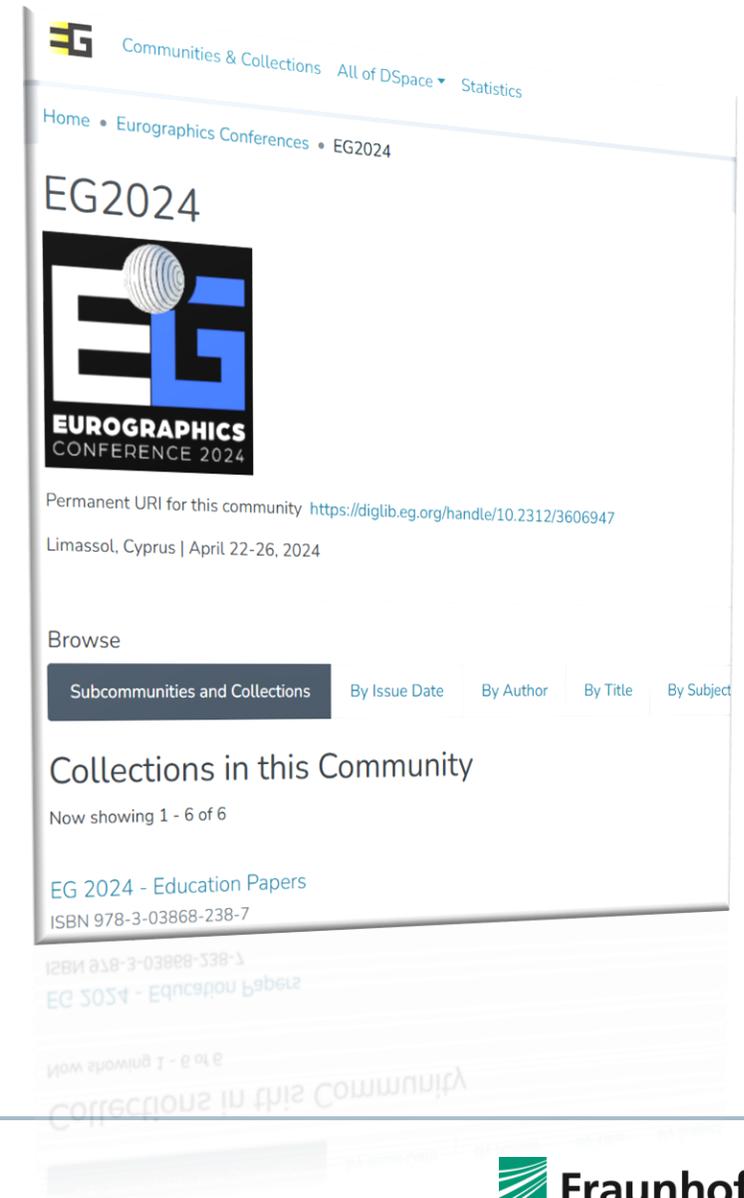
[Liew (2007)]



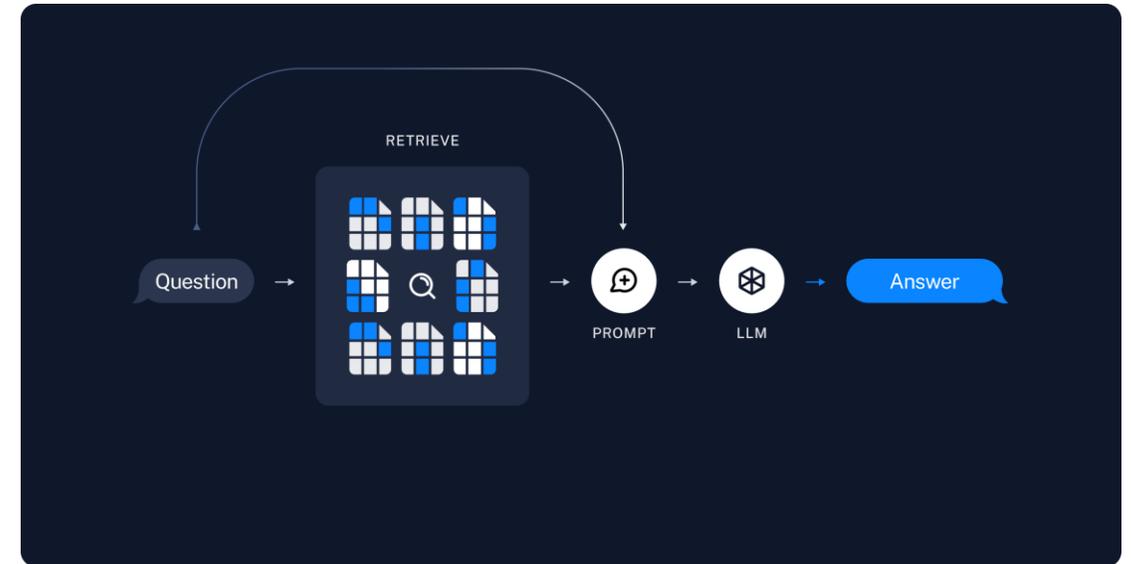
Eurographics

Digital Library

- Eurographics ist eine europaweite professionelle Vereinigung, die sich auf die Förderung der Computergrafik und verwandter Bereiche wie Multimedia, wissenschaftliche Visualisierung und Mensch-Computer-Interaktion konzentriert.
- Förderung des globalen Wissensaustausch durch ihre weltweite Mitgliedschaft und pflegt Verbindungen zu Entwicklungen in den USA, Japan und darüber hinaus.
- Eurographics organisiert Aktivitäten und bietet Dienstleistungen für Forscher, Entwickler, Lehrende und Fachleute der Industrie an, die Zugang zu Veranstaltungen und Ressourcen erhalten.
- Seit 1997 Betreiber der Eurographics Digital Library für das Journal „Computer Graphics Forum“, sowie diverser Konferenzen und Workshops. (~ 7000 Artikel)



Retrieval-Augmented Generation

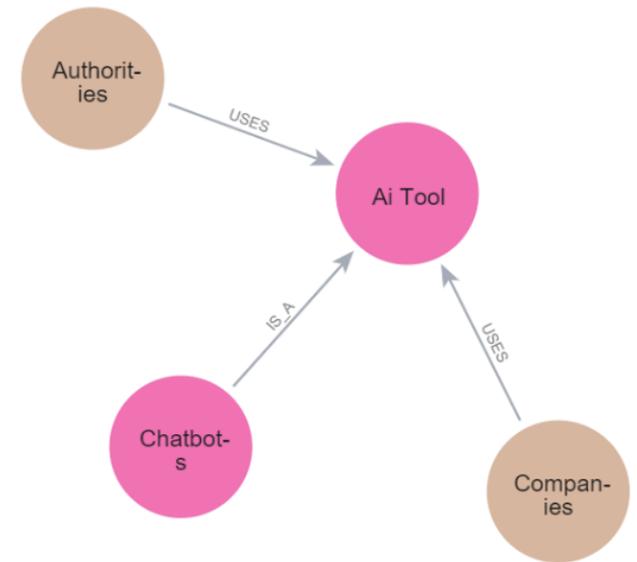


[LangChain]

Wissensgraphen

Ein Wissensgraph ist eine strukturierte Darstellung von Wissen in Form von Knoten (Entitäten) und Kanten (Beziehungen), die Informationen semantisch miteinander verknüpfen.

- Wissen auf verständliche Weise zu organisieren
- Kontextbezogene Verbindungen sichtbar zu machen
- Komplexe Informationen schnell zugänglich und leichter navigierbar zu machen



Wissensgraph

- Strukturelles Wissen
- Genauigkeit & Interpretierbarkeit
- Domänenspezifisches Wissen

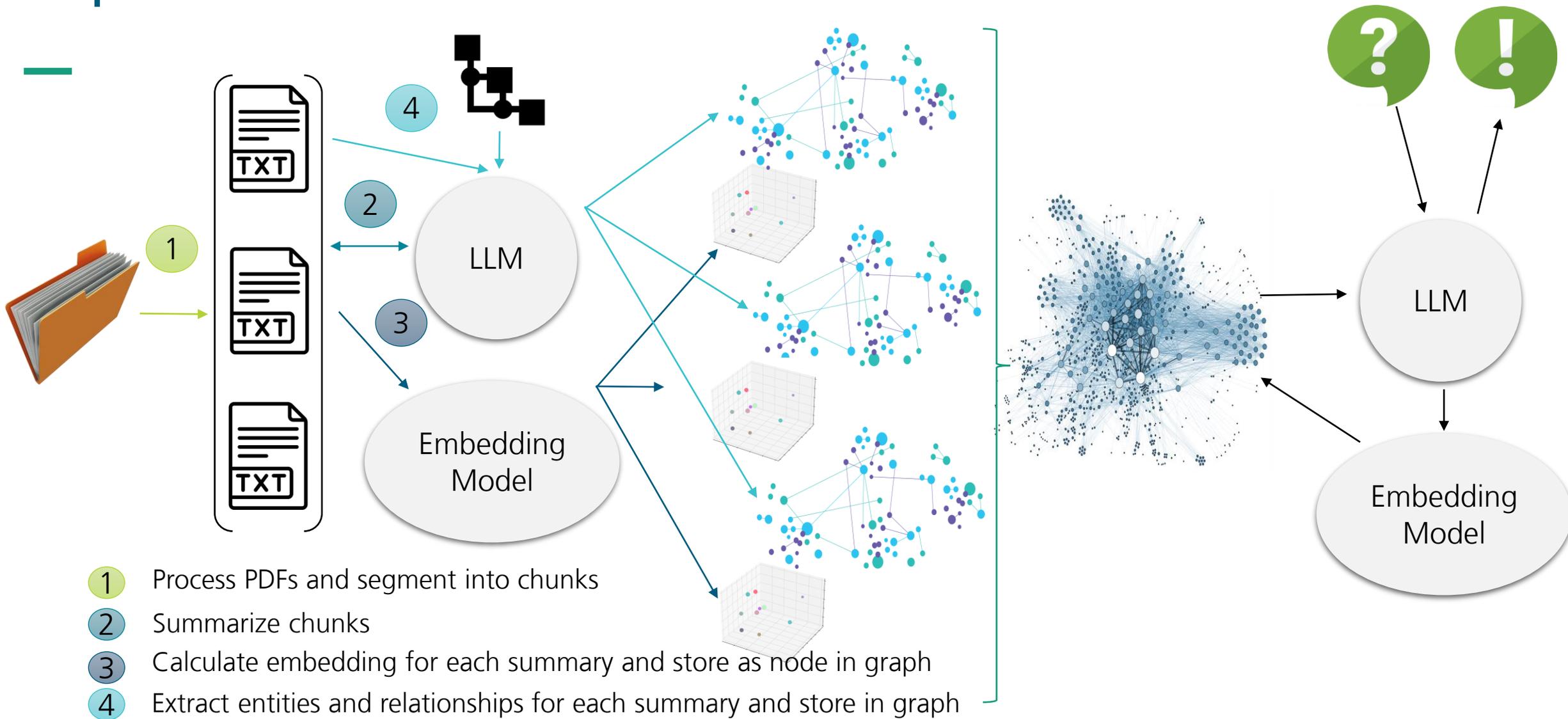
- Ungesehene Fakten
- Fehlendes Sprachverständnis
- Unvollständigkeit

LLM

- Allgemeines Wissen
- Sprachverarbeitung
- Generalisierbarkeit

- Implizites Wissen
- Halluzinationen
- Black-Box
- Unentschlossenheit

GraphRAG in Neo4J



Fraunhofer
AUSTRIA

Select Model

Llama 3.1

Sample Questions

Provide a state-of-the-art report on real-time ray tracing

What is a point cloud?

What are the primary objectives of crowd simulation algorithms?

True

crowd simulation

Answer: Crowd simulation is a field of computer graphics that deals with the simulation of large groups of individuals, such as pedestrians, in a virtual environment. It is used in various applications, including computer animation, video games, and urban planning. The goal of crowd simulation is to create realistic and efficient simulations of crowd behavior, taking into account



Filter

Autor:in +

Thema +

Datum +

Enthält Dateien +

Filter zurücksetzen

Alles durchsuch... crowd simulation

Suche

Suchergebnisse

Gerade angezeigt 1 - 10 von 503



Item

A Hybrid **Crowd Simulation** Framework Towards Modeling Behavior of Individual Avoidance of **Crowds**
(ACM Siggraph, 2015) Liu, Haiying; Yan, Zhixin; Lindeman, Robert W.; Ding, Ga [], which have advantage on **simulating** individual behaviors, or continuous methods [Narain et al. 2009] which are efficient for **simulating crowds** with large population. To take advantage of both, [Golas et al. 2013] proposed a hybrid solution which

Show more



Item

EG 2007 Course on Populating Virtual Environments with **Crowds**
(The Eurographics Association, 2007) Thalmann, Daniel; O'Sullivan, Carol; Yers for training and **simulation** and **crowds** in Augmented Reality applications. Autonomy is the only way to create believable **crowds** reacting to events in real-time. This course will present state-of-the-art techniques and methods....For many y

Show more

Einstellungen

Sortieren nach

Relevanz absteigend

Technologie



Graph Konstruktion

```
4     try:
5         for root, _, files in os.walk(directory):
6             for file in files:
7                 full_path = os.path.join(root, file)
8                 try:
9                     docs = extract_pdf_elements(full_path)
10                    if docs != None:
11                        test_graph_from_file_local_file(full_path, nodes, relationships, properties, docs, title, authors, doi, year)
12                    except Exception as e:
13                        print(f"Error processing file {full_path}: {str(e)}")
14                        continue
15            except FileNotFoundError:
16                print("Directory not found")
17            except Exception as e:
18                print(str(e))
19
20 # Specify the directory path
21 directory_path = 'D:/workshop/Heise'
22 list_full_file_paths(directory_path)
```

[5] 0.6s

Python

1

markdown

Database information

Nodes (167)

- Acronym
- Adjective
- Approach
- Architecture
- Attention heads
- Attention mechanism
- Chunk
- Component
- Concept
- Corpus
- Document
- Embedding
- Encoder selfattention
- Encoding
- Field
- Figure
- Formula
- Fully connected networks
- Function
- Head
- Keyword
- Layer
- Learning
- Mechanism
- Method
- Metric
- Model
- Network
- Neural network architect...
- Neural network layer
- Optimizer
- Output
- Parameter
- Prevention
- Process
- Reference
- Search algorithm
- Sentence structure
- Size
- Strategy
- Structure
- Task
- Technique
- Type
- Variation
- Vectors
- Way

Relationships (303)

- ACHIEVES_STATE_OF_T...
- ACHIEVES_STATE-OF-TH... AFFECTS
- ALIAS_OF
- ALLOWS
- APPLIES
- APPLIES_TO
- COMMONSTRUCTURE
- COMPONENT_OF
- COMPOSED_OF
- CONTAINS
- DOES_NOT_USE
- EVALUATED_BY
- FIRST_CHUNK
- HAS

neo4j\$

neo4j\$ MATCH (n:Document) RETURN n LIMIT 25;

Graph Table RAW



Results overview

Nodes (1)

* (1) Document (1)

Started streaming 2 records after 17 ms and completed after 18 ms.

\$:welcome

GUIDE



DATASET



Ontologie

```
File Edit View
Nodes: concept, result, authors, method, model, dataset
Relationship:
Properties:
```

Database information

Nodes (119)

- Chunk
- Concept
- Dataset
- Document
- Method
- Model
- Result

Relationships (292)

- ACHIEVES
- ALLOWS_LEARNING_LO...
- APPLIES_TO
- COMPOSED_OF
- CONTAINS
- FIRST_CHUNK
- HAS_CONCEPT
- HAS_ENTITY
- HAS_LOWER_COMPLEXI...
- HAS_SHORTER_PATH_L...
- IMPROVES
- INPUT
- IS_A
- MEASURES
- METHOD
- NEXT_CHUNK
- PART_OF
- PROCESS
- PRODUCES
- RELATED_TO
- REPLACES
- REQUIRES
- USED_FOR
- USED_IN
- USES

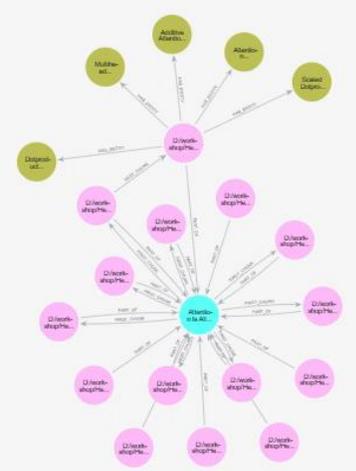
Property keys

- content_offset
- createdAt
- doi
- embedding
- errorMessage
- fileName
- fileSize
- fileSource
- fileType
- id
- is_cancelled
- length
- model
- nodeCount
- page_number
- position
- processed_chunk
- processingTime
- relationshipCount
- status

Show all (6 more)

```
neo4j$
neo4j$ MATCH (n:Document) RETURN n LIMIT 25;
```

Graph Table RAW



Results overview

Nodes (21)

- Chunk (15)
- Concept (5)
- Document (1)

Relationships (29)

- FIRST_CHUNK (8)
- HAS_ENTITY (5)
- NEXT_CHUNK (1)
- PART_OF (15)

Started streaming 2 records after 13 ms and completed after 15 ms.

```
neo4j$ MATCH (n:Chunk) RETURN n LIMIT 25;
```

Database information

Nodes (520)

- * **__Entity__** Achievement Action
- Architecture Archive Attention
- Attention Mechanism Author Batch
- Batching Criterion Capability Challenge
- Characteristic Checkpoint Chunk Code
- Company Complexity Component
- Concept Conference Connection
- Constraint Contribution Cost Dataset
- Date Dependency Dimension Document
- Duration Embedding Embeddings
- Encoding Encoding Type Function
- Functionality Government GPU Hardware
- Head Input Interval Journal Law
- Layer Layer Type Layer_Type Length
- Limitation Mapping Mechanism Method
- Model Model Component Network
- Normalization Number Operation
- Optimizer Output Parameter Path Length

neo4j\$

```
neo4j$ MATCH (n:Document) RETURN n LIMIT 25;
```

Graph Table RAW

fileName	"1706.03762v7.pdf"
content_offset	27543
page_number	9
length	600
id	"5de02fe7c18027281f70e402962021379b2d185e"
text	".4 60 (C) 2 6.11 23.7 36 4 5.19 25.3 50 8 4.88 25.5 80 256 3 2 32 5.75 24.5 28 1024 128 12 8 4.66 26.0 168 1024 5.12 25.4 53 4096 4.75 26.2 90 (D) 0.0 ... Show all
position	36
embedding	[0.0032641910947859287,-0.06652065366506577,-0.02970421127974987,0.007019303273409605,0.039880260825157166,-0.020596912130713463,-0.009295358322... Show all

Started streaming 16 records after 28 ms and completed after 46 ms.

Database information

Nodes (0)

Relationships (0)

Property keys

Last update: 17:52:06

workshop

EXPLORER

- WORKSHOP
 - src
 - graph_query.py
 - graphDB_dataAccess.py
 - groq_llama3_llm.py
 - logger.py
 - main.py
 - make_relationships.py
 - openAI_llm.py
 - QA_integration_new.py
 - QA_integration.py
 - QA_optimization.py
 - templates
 - agent.py
 - app.py
 - conn_pillar.py
 - dataIngestion.ipynb
 - datasetExtraction.ipynb
 - Dockerfile
 - example.env
 - getsitelogo.jpg
 - ingest.py
 - logoFhA.jpg
 - onto.txt
 - pdf_data_extractor.py
 - README.md
 - requirements.txt
 - score.py
 - test_integratnionqa.py

dataIngestion.ipynb

```
1 import os
2
3 def list_full_file_paths(directory):
4     try:
5         for root, _, files in os.walk(directory):
6             for file in files:
7                 full_path = os.path.join(root, file)
8                 try:
9                     docs = extract_pdf_elements(full_path)
10                    if docs != None:
11                        test_graph_from_file_local_file(full_path, nodes, relat
12                    except Exception as e:
13                        print(f"Error processing file {full_path}: {str(e)}")
14                    continue
15                except FileNotFoundError:
16                    print("Directory not found")
17                except Exception as e:
18                    print(str(e))
19
20 # Specify the directory path
21 directory_path = 'D:/workshop/Haise'
22 list_full_file_paths(directory_path)
```

Python

PROBLEMS 9 OUTPUT TERMINAL PORTS JUPYTER AZURE SPELL CHECKER 24

PS D:\workshop> powershell

PS D:\workshop>

Kontakt

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GmbH**

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www.fraunhofer.at

